Historic, Archive Document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.
Get Permanent Results by Using
American Lilies and Trilliums

For Woodlands, Rhododendron Beds and Garden Borders

Our native Lilies are the most useful for real permanence. Many exotic species grow weak and die out after a few seasons.

For shrubberies and herbaceous borders, and especially for the Rhododendron bed and the open edge of the woodlands, the native species and some exotics are unexcelled, grow stronger year by year, and produce gorgeous effects.

For best results, plant in September or October, 4 to 5 inches deep, in rich loam. *Lilium grayi* and *L. canadense* will stand considerable moisture. The finest show is made by planting five to ten bulbs a few inches apart in a clump, the clumps 2 to 4 feet apart, according to conditions, hundreds or thousands of bulbs often being none too many to use. *L. superbum* is a tall species, often reaching 6 to 8 feet; *L. canadense* comes next, and *L. grayi* from 1½ to 3 feet; so judgment should be used in placing. Lilies enjoy rich soil, well drained; and partial shade is desirable.

Many bulbs can be supplied only in autumn—some like Lilies and Trilliums may be planted in the spring, if early.

Prices quoted packed ready for shipment at my Highlands Nursery, Pineola, North Carolina, or Boxford Nursery, Boxford, Mass.

First-size bulbs are selected and large. Second-size are mostly blooming sizes. Always address

**HARLAN P. KELSEY, Owner**
**SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS**

**HIGHLANDS NURSERY**
in the high Carolina mountains, and

**BOXFORD NURSERY**
Boxford, Massachusetts
LILIES

All Lilies are native species, except those marked with an asterisk (*)

*LILIMUM auratum. Gold-banded Lily. 2 to 4 ft. Large flowers, white, more or less marked with bands of yellow, and purple spots. Plant among Rhododendrons or other shrubs. Of easy culture, but dies out in time and must be replaced. 8-9 in. 8-11 in. $1 50 $12 00

bolanderi. 1 to 3 ft. Very rare. Deep crimson-red flowers, dotted purple, bell-shaped. Give rich, sandy soil, and good drainage. 5 00 40 00

canadense. Wild Yellow Lily. 2 to 5 ft. Yellow or orange, usually spotted with brown. July. Very persistent, becoming permanently established. Loves deep, rich soil and shade, but stands open sun well.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
<th>2nd size</th>
<th>1st size</th>
<th>Price</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>1,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*candidum. Madonna Lily. 2 to 4 ft. Flowers many, in a raceme, pure white and very fragrant. Very ornamental, though subject to disease. 1 25 10 00 80 00

carolinianum. Carolina Lily. 1 to 3 ft. Rare species of recurved type. Flowers orange, very fragrant. One to three on a stem. Stands dry conditions well.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
<th>2nd size</th>
<th>1st size</th>
<th>Price</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>60</td>
<td>5 00</td>
<td>$36 00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

|        | 1 00     | 7 00     | 60 00  |

|        | 1 25     | 10 00    |        |

|        |          |          |        |

columbianum. 2 ½ to 3 ft. Small flowers, resembling L. humboldii. Bright golden yellow spotted with maroon.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
<th>2nd size</th>
<th>1st size</th>
<th>Price</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2 00</td>
<td>16 00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

|        | 3 50     | 25 00    |        |

grayi. 1 ½ to 3 ft. Introduced by me in 1888, it has proved the leader in the bell-shaped type of hardy Lilies. Dark red - brown petals, beautifully spotted. An exquisite species and very rare. Bulbs are never large.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
<th>2nd size</th>
<th>1st size</th>
<th>Price</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1 00</td>
<td>6 00</td>
<td>50 00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

|        | 1 25     | 10 00    | 80 00  |

|        |          |          |        |
LILIES, continued

*Lilium hansonii (maculatum). 3 to 4 ft. Japanese species; very hardy. Flowers in loose racemes. Bright orange, strongly marked with purple spots on lower half. $7 00 $60 00

Lilium puberulum (humboldtii). 4 to 6 ft. Stout stems; large, orange-red flowers, finely spotted. Should have very rich soil. 7–8 in. 3 00 18 00 $140 00
8–9 in. 3 50 25 00 180 00
9–11 in. 6 50 40 00

Lilium kellogii. Slender stem, 3 to 4 ft. high, with 3 to 15 pink flowers. Revolute type; very fragrant. 6 00 40 00

Lilium martimimum. 1 to 2 ft. Dark red, funnel-shaped flowers. Give moist, boggy situation. 6 00 40 00

Lilium pardalinum. 3 to 6 ft. Very leafy stems. Very showy flowers; orange centers and crimson tips. A bog variety, but thrives if kept well mulched.
Single eyes $1 25 $10 00
Heavy 1 75 12 00

Lilium parryi. Slender, leafy stem, 3 to 5 ft. high. One of the few yellow-flowered varieties; trumpet-shaped; very fragrant. A very difficult species to grow, and must have moist location to thrive. Medium 6 00 40 00
Large 7 00 60 00

Lilium parviflorum. Small variety.
Very similar to L. pardalinum, but flowering much earlier 2 50 20 00

Lilium parvum. Small bog Lily, 3 to 4 ft. high; small, bell-shaped flowers, orange with crimson tips. Should have cool bog conditions to thrive well. Medium 3 50 25 00
Large 6 00 40 00

Lilium philadelphicum. 1 to 2 ft.
Terminal, upright flowers are bright red with dark spots near center. Stands sunny, dry situations better perhaps than any other Lily 1 00 8 00 $60 00
LILIES, continued

Lilium rubescens. 3 to 5 ft. Tubular, very fragrant flowers, white, dotted purple, changing later to deep purple. Requires rich soil and perfect drainage .... $6 50 $45 00

*speciosum album. 2 to 4 ft. All the varieties of L. speciosum are good for Rhododendron or shrub borders if planted near the edge. Blooming up to frost. 8-9 in. 2 00 18 00 $160 00
9-11 in. 3 50 25 00 220 00

*speciosum melpomene. Fiery red variety; very floriferous. 8-9 in. 1 50 12 00 100 00
9-11 in. 2 00 16 00 140 00

*speciosum rubrum. Dark purplish red flowers. Probably the best variety for the ordinary garden. 8-9 in. 1 50 12 00 100 00
9-11 in. 2 00 16 00 140 00

superbum. Turk’s - Cap Lily. 3 to 6 ft. No description will do justice to this magnificent American Lily. Golden, recurved petals, flowering in perfect pyramids, often forty on a single stalk. A clump is literally a blaze of scarlet and gold. 3rd size 40 2 00 18 00
2nd size .................................................. 75 5 00 30 00
1st size .................................................. 1 00 8 00 60 00

*tenuifolium. Siberian Coral Lily. 1 to 2 ft. Flowers 1 to 20 on rather short raceme, nodding, rich scarlet. Does well in ordinary garden soil ........................................ 1 50 12 00 100 00

tigrinum. Tiger Lily. 2 to 5 ft. An old-fashioned variety of very easy culture. Flowers 3 to 10, nodding, bright red, thickly spotted with bright purplish spots. Ordinary garden soil ........................................ 1 00 8 00 60 00

tigrinum fl.-pl. Double form of L. tigrinum ........................................ 1 00 8 00 60 00

washingtonianum purpureum. 6 to 7 ft. Stout stem. Often 15 to 25 flowers of white to rich wine-color. One of the finest Pacific Coast species, of easy culture if given good, rich soil. 6-8 in. 2 50 20 00
8-9 in. .................................................. 4 00 30 00
9-11 in. .................................................. 5 00 40 00
Trillium grandiflorum
TRILLIUMS

For edges or under-woods planting, nothing equals the Trilliums. They must be planted in large quantities for showiest effects, though a single strong clump of, say, twenty-five to fifty bulbs in a garden or border is a wonderfully beautiful thing, and permanent. Brilliant scarlet fruit-pods succeed the showy flowers.

TRILLIUM cernuum. 12 to 15 in. Nodding white flowers; not very showy ................ $1.00 $8.00

erectum. Erect Wake Robin. 8 to 16 in. Large; red fruit; very ornamental; brown-purple, often greenish. April and May. 2nd size ................... 40 3 00 $18.00
1st size .................................. 75 5 00 30.00

erectum album. White form of T. erectum .......... 1 00 8 00

grandiflorum. Large-flowered Wake Robin. 8 to 18 in. The finest and largest species. Flowers 2 to 3 inches across, in April and May. One of our best early spring flowers. White, turning rose-color or marked with green. 2nd size ................... 30 1 50 12.00
1st size .................................. 60 3 50 20.00

nivale. Dwarf, 4 to 5 in. Flowers white, drooping ... 1 00 8 00

ovatum. From the Pacific Coast, much resembling T. grandiflorum ...................... 75 5 00 30.00

recurvatum. 12 to 15 in. Strong growing, erect. Dark purple flowers 75 6 00 50.00

sessile californicum. 12 in. Very large leaves. Flowers pure white and fragrant .................. 75 6 00 50.00

sessile, Snow Queen. Same, with broader petals. White flowers with creamy centers .......... 75 6 00 50.00

sessile rubrum. Same, with narrow petals. Deep redish purple .................... 75 6 00 50.00

stylosum. Nodding Trillium. 1 to 1 1/2 ft. Our rarest mountain species. April and May. Large, wavy petals of beautiful pink. 2nd size ................... 60 4 00 30.00
1st size .................................. 75 6 00 40.00

undulatum (erythrocarpum). Painted Wake Robin. 8 in. Earliest, blooming in April. Showy flowers and fruit. White, with purple stripes. 2nd size ... 60 4 00 30.00
1st size .................................. 75 6 00 40.00

SANGUINARIA · Bloodroot

SANGUINARIA canadensis. One of the most dainty and exquisite of our early spring flowers. Give it rich, deep moist loam and partially shady situation and you will be well repaid. Strong roots .................. 75 6 00 36.00

(Sanguinaria is shipped entirely at consignee’s risk.)
ERYTHRONIUM · Dog’s-Tooth Violet

These small, bulbous plants are extremely handsome in foliage and flowers, but to get best results should be massed in cool, moist woodlands or borders or along streams. They are among the earliest spring flowers, and, with their mottled leaves, make a very fine, early ground-cover in shady locations.

ERYTHRONIUM albidum. Leaves not mottled. Flowers white, yellow at base. ...................... $1 50 $12 00
americanum. Bright yellow. Leaves mottled white. Common throughout Eastern States .......... 50 2 00 $16 00
californicum. Cream-colored flowers, often 4 to 5 on a stem, and richly mottled leaves. .......... 50 2 00 16 00
citrinum. Light yellow, orange at center, tips becoming pink. .............................. 1 00 4 00 35 00
giganteum. Yellow, each flower on a separate stalk. ....... 1 00 4 00 35 00
hartwegi. Flowers light purple with dark centers. .......... 1 00 4 00 35 00
hendersoni. Flowers light purple with dark centers. .......... 1 00 4 00 35 00
revolutum. Pink flowers, becoming purple. .............. 1 00 4 00 35 00

DODECATHEON · Shooting Star; American Cowslip

These are among the most charming of all our early wild flowers. The species offered below are easily grown in borders where they are subject to considerable drought after blooming.

DODECATHEON clevelandi. Tall-growing form, with pure white or delicate pink flowers. .................. $1 00 $6 00
hendersoni. Another of the best species with red flowers. ....... 1 00 6 00
media. .................. 1 00 6 00

CYPRIPEDIUMS

CYPRIPEDIUM reginae (spectabile). The handsomest of all our hardy terrestrial orchids. The broadly ovate sepals and petals are pure white, while the large and inflated pouch is a beautiful, soft rose-color. (To insure delivery, orders must be in by October 1.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>Price</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1-2 crowns</td>
<td>2 50 20 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3-4 crowns</td>
<td>6 00 50 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5-6 crowns</td>
<td>10 00 80 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7-8 crowns</td>
<td>15 00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CYPRIPEDIUMS, IRIS, FERNS, Etc., in large variety. Prices on application.

A Remarkable Carolina Mountain Plant

Stenanthium robustum

(Mountain Feather Fleece)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Cost 10</th>
<th>Cost 100</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1, heaviest</td>
<td>$3.00</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2, medium</td>
<td>1.50</td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>8.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This remarkable hardy perennial is, without doubt, one of our best new introductions, and may be classed with the showiest of all herbaceous plants. As the buds begin to unfold in early August they are quite upright and of a light green tinge, gradually becoming whiter until at last they burst forth into a veritable snowbank of drooping, fleecy bloom of purest white, the panicles often 2 to 3 feet long. In September, the flowers, as they ripen, turn to shades of pink and purple. It is a vigorous perennial, attaining a height of from 5 to 8 feet when well established, and is absolutely hardy throughout the United States and Canada.

The Mountain Feather Fleece makes a wonderful show equaled by few plants of any description. Give rich soil and fairly moist location, near a stream or pond if possible.

The illustration gives some idea of the wonderful effect of Stenanthium when in full bloom, but inadequately conveys the beauty of the delicate, feathered, drooping flowers. When known it will be planted by thousands.

Highlands Nursery, 100 acres, 3,800 feet elevation in the Carolina mountains, and Boxford Nursery, Boxford, Mass. “The Home of Hardy Native Rhododendrons, Azaleas, Kalmias, and Rare Carolina Mountain Flowers.”

Address

HARLAN P. KELSEY, Owner
SALEM, MASSACHUSETTS

Send for “How to Grow Rhododendrons Successfully”